

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND SCIENCE OF UKRAINE
Kharkiv National Agrarian University named after V. Dokuchaev

Department of Economic Theory

"APPROVED BY"

The first vice-rector

R. SHELUDKO

«31» of August 2020 year

CURRICULUM WORKING PROGRAM
POLITICAL ECONOMICS

Field of knowledge - 07 "Management and Administration"

Specialty - 072 "Finance, Banking and Insurance"

Educational and professional program - "Finance, Banking and Insurance"

Specialization - —

Faculty - Accounting and Finance

Kharkiv – 2020

Work program of the discipline "Political Economics" for students of the first (bachelor's) level of education in the field of knowledge 07 "Management and Administration" specialty 072 "Finance, Banking and Insurance".

« » August 2020 22 p.

Program developers: **Porohniak Nadiia**, senior lecturer at the Department of Economic Theory.

The work program was approved at a meeting of the Department of Economic Theory.

Protocol from the ___ of August 2020 № 1

Head of the Department of Economic Theory,
professor

the 31st of August 2020 year

G. PASEMKO

Approved by the educational and methodical commission of the Faculty of Accounting and Finance

Protocol from the ___ of August 2020 № 1

Chairman of the educational and methodical commission
Faculty of Accounting and Finance,
Ph.D. Associated Professor

O. GOROH

1. Description of the discipline

Name of indicators	Area of knowledge, specialty, education level	Characteristics of the discipline	
		full-time education	external form of education
Number of credits – 4	Area of knowledge 07 «Management and Administration»»	Normative	
Modules – 2	Area of knowledge 07 «Management and Administration» Specialty: 076 "Entrepreneurship, Trade and Stock Exchanges"	Year of education:	
Modules control – 2		1st	
		Term	
Total hours - 120		1st	
Weekly hours for full-time study: auditorium – 4 Independent work of the applicant – 8	Educational level: first (bachelor's)	Lectures	
		20 hours	
		Практичні, семінарські	
		20 hours	
		Laboratory	
			-
		Unsupervised work	
		80 hours	
		Type of control:	
		Examination	

2. The purpose and objectives of the discipline

The aim is to form a system of knowledge about economic relations as a social form of production, the problems of efficient use of limited production resources and ways to meet social needs in various socio-economic formations.

The task of the course is:

- study of the general principles of economic life of society;
- study of the patterns of development of the economic system, the mechanism of economic laws and their use by people in the process of economic activity;
- determination of the basic features of the main socio-economic systems and directions of their evolution.

As a result of studying the discipline the applicant must **know**:

- the essence of economic categories;
- the content of basic economic laws and principles;
- methods of research of economic processes and phenomena;
- dominant theories, directions and schools in economics

be able to:

- scientifically substantiate the general foundations of economic life of society;
- to reveal the patterns of development of social production;
- to find out the mechanism of action of economic laws and the mechanism of their use by people in the course of economic activity;
- identify the essential features of the main socio-economic systems;
- understand the problem of the need for effective use by society of limited economic resources and ways to achieve maximum end results to meet human needs, which are constantly growing.
- to find out the role of political economy in the development of ways to form a socially oriented economic system of society.

List of competencies:

Integral competence is the ability to solve complex specialized problems and practical problems during professional activities in the field of finance, banking and insurance or in the learning process, which involves the application of theories and methods of financial work and is characterized by complexity and uncertainty.

General competencies (GQ):

GQ07. Ability to learn and master modern knowledge.

GQ01. Ability to abstract thinking, analysis and synthesis.

Special (professional) competencies (SC):

SC01. Ability to study trends in economic development using the tools of macro- and microeconomic analysis, to assess current economic phenomena.

Program learning outcomes (PLO):

PLO01. Know and understand the economic categories, laws, causal and functional relationships that exist between processes and phenomena at different levels of economic systems.

Interdisciplinary relations:

Discipline and its sections that precede the study of the discipline: 1. History. 2. History of Ukraine and Ukrainian culture.

Discipline and its sections, which use the materials of the discipline: 1. History of economics and economic thought. 2. Microeconomics. 3. Macroeconomics. 4. International economics. 5. Agricultural policy.

3. The program of the discipline

Content module 1. Fundamentals of political economics.

Topic 1. The subject and method of political economics

Origin and main stages of development of political economics. Modern economic theories.

The subject of economic theory. Productive forces: their structure and efficiency. Economic production relations: organizational-economic and socio-economic.

Economic categories and economic laws. Classification of economic laws, their knowledge and use.

Methods of political economics: general and special. Method of scientific abstraction. Analysis and synthesis of a combination of quantitative and qualitative analysis, historical and logical approach. Social practice. Socio-economic experiment. Statistical methods.

Functions of political economics. The place of political economics in the system of economic knowledge. Political economics and economic policy.

Topic 2. Production of material goods and services.

Product and nature of work.

Social production is the basis of the viability of society. Development of social production. Division of labor. The structure of social production: material production and social infrastructure. Product and stages of its movement.

Factors of production and their interaction. Classification of factors of production: labor, objects of labor and means of labor. Means of production and production relations. System of production relations. The law of conformity of production relations to the level and nature of the development of productive forces. Public superstructure.

Technological method of production. Technology. Organization. Information. Energy. Criteria for selection of technological methods of production. Scientific and technological progress and scientific and technological revolution. The law of productivity growth. The impact of STR on the nature of

work.

Topic 3. Economic needs and interests.

Economic needs of society and their structure. The law of growth of needs. Production potential of society and limited resources. The law of saving time.

Economic interests: concepts, types and their interaction. Realization of economic interests.

Topic 4. Socio-economic structure of society. Economic system and laws of its development.

The essence, functional role and structure of the economic system. Productive forces. Economic production relations. Management mechanism.

Types of economic systems and criteria for their classification.

Formational approach: primary (archaic) formation, secondary (slavery, serfdom, capitalism), communist formation.

Classification of economic systems by K. Blucher.

Civilizational approach to the classification of economic systems: to industrial (agricultural), industrial, post-industrial, neo-industrial.

Information approach and classification of types of economic systems: market economy (pure capitalism), mixed economy, command-administrative system, transitional economic system.

The essence of property. Economic content and property rights. Entities and objects of property. Appropriation. Possession. Order. Using. Alienation.

The place of property relations in the system of social relations. Forms and types of ownership. Evolution of forms of ownership.

State property and its efficiency. Private property and its types. Collective ownership: cooperative, joint-stock, ownership of joint ventures. Derivative forms of ownership.

Privatization and privatization of property. Features in Ukraine. Forms of ownership in Ukraine.

Topic 5. Commodity form of organization of social production. Goods and money.

Genesis of forms of economy. Natural production: essence and features. Commodity production: essence, conditions of origin, development and forms. Contradictions of commodity production.

Commodity form of the produced product and services. Consumer value and cost of goods. Exchange value. Concrete and abstract work. The value of the goods. Socially necessary labor costs. Productivity and labor intensity.

Theories of value and their varieties: the theory of labor value, the theory of marginal utility, the theory of factors of production, neoclassical theory of value.

The law of value and the mechanism of its action, functions and role in the development of commodity production.

Formation and evolution of monetary relations. History of money development. The concept of the origin of money: rationalist, evolutionary, functional.

Functions of money: a measure of value, a means of circulation, a means of accumulation, a means of payment, world money. Evolution and forms of money.

Money circulation and its laws. The essence of inflation, causes and consequences. Forms of inflation. Anti-inflation policy of the state.

Monetary system and its elements. The main types of monetary systems.

Topic 6. Capital: the process of production and accumulation. Hired labor and wages.

Objective conditions for the emergence of capital. The general formula of capital and its contradictions. The essence of the developed form of commodity production.

Initial accumulation of capital.

Labor as a commodity, its value and consumer value. Dynamics of the value of goods labor.

Production of additional value. Necessary and additional work. The essence of capital. Classics of political economy and modern economists about capital. Fixed and variable capital. Rate and weight of value added. Two ways to increase the value added. Absolute added value. Working day and its limits. Relative added cost. Excessive added value.

Remuneration for work in a market economy: wages. Neoclassical and Marxist approaches. Forms of wages. Nominal and real wages. Labor productivity and wages.

Topic 7. Production costs and profits.

The essence of production costs, their types and structure. Profit. Rate of return. Intra-industry and inter-industry competition. Production price and average profit.

The essence of the cost, its structure and types, ways to reduce.

Topic 8. The market, its essence and functions. Market models. Competition and pricing.

The essence of the market. Objective conditions of its occurrence and characteristics. Market structure.

The mechanism of market self-regulation: supply and demand, market price, competition.

Demand. Demand curve. The law of demand. Elasticity of demand.

Offer. Supply curve. The law of supply. Elasticity of supply.

Market price. Equilibrium price, demand price, supply price. Price functions. Price system.

Competition and its role in the functioning of the market. Types of competition. Perfect and imperfect competition. Non-price competition. Protection of competition from monopolies. Antitrust law. Market functions.

Disadvantages of the market mechanism and the need for government regulation.

Features of Ukraine's transition to a market economy.

Principles of market classification. Consumer goods market.

Markets of production resources: supply and demand. Markets of basic production resources. Marginal product and marginal revenue. Features of demand for factors of production. Offer of factors of production.

Capital market and capital goods market. Rent and interest. Formation of markets for productive resources and capital in Ukraine.

Content module 2. Formation and development of modern socio-economic relations.

Topic 9. Household in the system of economic relations.

The essence of the household. Household functions.

Household income and its sources. Income distribution between households. Cost of living. Total household income.

Consumption costs. Consumption costs and consumer behavior. Income effect. Replacement effect. Consumer surplus. Maximizing marginal utility. Household savings.

Topic 10. The enterprise as a producer. Gross income and profit.

The concept of entrepreneurial activity. Functions and principles of entrepreneurship. Conditions for the development of entrepreneurial activity. Entities, objects and types of entrepreneurship. Forms of business organization. Features of entrepreneurship in Ukraine.

Firm and enterprise as organizational forms of entrepreneurship. Types of enterprises and their associations in Ukraine.

Industrial capital turnover. Three stages and three functional forms of capital turnover. Capital turnover. Fixed and working capital. Physical and moral depreciation of capital. Amortization. Capital turnover time and its components. Production and working capital.

Gross and net income of the enterprise. The efficiency of the enterprise. Distribution and use of enterprise profits.

Topic 11. Sectoral features of production and functioning of capital. Forms of profit, interest and rent.

Trade capital as a separate part of industrial capital. The essence and mechanism of trade profit formation. Organizational forms of entrepreneurial activity in the field of circulation of commodity resources. Forms of trade and their development in modern conditions. State trade policy.

The essence of loan capital, its functions and role in the development of production. Loan interest. Loan interest rate. Credit as a form of movement of loan capital. Forms of credit. Banking system, its essence and structure. Bank profit and its sources.

The essence of joint stock companies and share capital. Types of joint stock companies. Types of shares and their price. Profit of joint stock companies and its distribution. Securities Market. Stock Exchange. Organizational forms of business activity in the field of securities circulation.

Agricultural production as a special area of capital investment. Entities and objects of entrepreneurial activity in agriculture.

Agrarian relations, their specifics and place in the economic system. Land relations. Land ownership. Land use. Land management. Features of land reform in Ukraine.

Rent relations. Rent and rent. Types of rent: differential, absolute, monopoly.

Objective preconditions and mechanism of differential rent formation. Monopoly on land as an object of management and features of pricing of agricultural products. Differential rent I and differential rent II, general features and differences.

Objective preconditions and mechanism of absolute rent formation. Absolute rent and agricultural development.

Land price and its dynamics in developed countries.

Agro-industrial integration and its forms. Agro-industrial complex (AIC), its functions and structure. Development of new forms of management in the agro-industrial complex of Ukraine.

Topic 12. Social reproduction. Social product and its main forms.

Production and reproduction. The essence of social reproduction and its types.

Simple and advanced playback. The essence and factors of capital accumulation.

Organic construction of capital and its growth with the development of productive forces. Concentration and centralization of capital.

Macroeconomic indicators. Public product. Natural-material composition and value form of social product. Functional structure of the social product .. The problem of "re-counting".

System of National Accounts (SNA). Gross domestic product and gross national product. Pure national product.

The shadow sector in economic reproduction, its scale and features in the economy of Ukraine.

National wealth: the essence, structure and problems of its reproduction. National wealth of Ukraine.

The essence, place and role of distribution in the process of reproduction. Distribution as a link between production and consumers. Subjects and objects of distribution.

National income. Production, distribution and use of national income. Models of national income distribution. Sources of personal income. Objective

bases of income formation of the population.

Redistribution of national income and consumption. Objective bases of redistribution of national income. The need for redistribution of national income by the state.

Consumption, national income and savings. Consumption: essence and functions. Savings and its functions. National savings and savings rate.

Topic 13. Economic development. Employment, reproduction of labor and their regulation by the state.

Content and types of economic growth. A new type of economic growth. Driving forces of economic growth. Types of accumulation. Accumulation rate.

Economic equilibrium and cyclicity. The essence of the economic cycle. Theories of economic cycles. Types of cycles: short, medium, long. Phases of economic cycles.

National and world economic cycles.

Features of cyclic development under modern conditions.

Unemployment and employment. Full and part-time employment. Forms of employment. Employment efficiency.

Theories of employment and reproduction of the subjective factor of production. Neo-Keynesian employment theory: flexible labor prices. Keynesian employment theory: inflexible labor prices.

Part-time employment and unemployment in the mechanism of labor reproduction. The essence of unemployment. Natural unemployment rate. Types of unemployment and its social consequences. Labor market and its structure. Labor exchange.

Factors and indicators of expanded reproduction of the workforce.

Social policy of the state.

Topic 14. Economic mechanism in the system of social reproduction. The state and its economic functions.

Organizational and economic relations and economic mechanism. Functions of the economic mechanism. The structure of the economic mechanism.

The essence of macroeconomic regulation of the economy. The mechanism of market self-regulation and the limits of its action.

State regulation as an integral part of the economic system. Modern models of state regulation of the economy. Keynesian and neoclassical models of state regulation of the economy. Monetarist interpretation of the economic role of the state.

Forms and methods of state regulation of the economy. Budget, tax, monetary policy of the state.

The essence and functions of finance. Structure and sources of finance formation. National budget. Budget system. Budget revenues and expenditures. Budget deficit and ways to overcome it.

Taxes. Functions and types of taxes. Principles of building a tax system. Public expenditure policy.

Topic 15. Modern economic systems. Features of development of transition economies

The economic system of capitalism of free competition: the essence and stages of development. Signs of capitalism of free competition.

Economic system of monopoly capitalism. The essence of monopoly capitalism. Regularities of monopolies. Concentration and centralization of capital. Scale effect. Joint stock companies (corporations). Problems of maximizing the profit of the monopolist.

The essence and characteristics of a mixed economy. Conditions for the emergence of a mixed economy. The causes of a mixed economy. National models of mixed economy: American, German, Swedish, Japanese, etc. Ways and sectors of a mixed economy.

The economic system of socialism: theory and practice. The essence of the economic system of socialism. State socialism.

Transitional economic system. Content, factors and types of transition economies. Features of the transition economy.

The reasons for the existence of a transition economy. Features of economic relations and the variety of forms of evolution of developing countries.

Topic 16. The essence and structure of the world economy. Forms of international economic relations.

Objective conditions for the emergence of the world economy: the development of the world market, the international division of labor, the internationalization of economic life. Globalization of the modern world economy. Classification of groups of world economies.

International division of labor and specialization. The essence of the international division of labor. International specialization in the world economy. International cooperation.

Internationalization of economic relations and productive forces. Transnationalization in the world economy.

International economic integration as the highest level of internationalization. International economic integration and its forms. International interregional economic associations.

System of international economic relations. World trade, its types and structure. International monetary system. Exchange rate. European monetary system. International Monetary Fund and its functions. Export of capital. Scientific and technical cooperation. International labor migration. Causes of international labor migration. The main directions of labor migration. International financial and economic organizations and their role in the modern economy.

Integration of Ukraine's economy into the world economy. Objective bases of Ukraine's foreign economic relations, its geopolitical interests. The main directions, forms and subjects of foreign economic relations of Ukraine. Natural resource potential. The structure of the economy. Export-import potential. Trading partners.

Topic 17. Economic aspects of global problems and their impact on the economic development of Ukraine

Causes, nature and classification of global problems. Globalization of the world economy.

Global problems and ways to solve them. Danger of global problems.

International cooperation in solving global problems and developing the world economy. Sources of overcoming global problems.

4. Structure of the discipline

Names of modules and themes	Number of hours											
	Full-time						External					
	total	including					total	including				
		l	s	lab	ind	uw		l	s	lab	ind	uw
Module 1												
Topic 1. The subject and method of political economy.	7,5	1	1			5,5						
Topic 2. Production of material goods and services. Product and nature of work.	7,5	1	1			5,5						
Topic 3. Economic needs and interests	7,5	1	1			5,5						
Topic 4. Socio-economic structure of society. Economic system and laws of its development	7,5	1	1			5,5						
Topic 5. Commodity form of organization of social production. Goods and money.	7,5	1	1			5,5						
Topic 6. Capital: the process of production and accumulation. Hired labor and wages.	7,5	1	1			5,5						
Topic 7. Production costs and profits.	7,5	2	2									
Topic 8. The market, its essence and functions. Market models. Competition and pricing.	7,5	2	2									
Total module 1	60	10	10			40						
Module 2												
Topic 9. Household in the system of economic relations.	6	2	2			2						
Topic 10. The enterprise as a producer. Gross income and profit.	6	1	1			4						
Topic 11. Sectoral features of production and functioning of capital. Forms of profit, interest and rent.	6	1	1			4						
Topic 12. Social reproduction. Social product and its main forms..	7	1	1			5						
Topic 13. Economic development. Employment, reproduction of labor and their regulation by the state.	7	1	1			5						
Topic 14. Economic mechanism in the system of social reproduction. The state and its economic functions.	7	1	1			5						
Topic 15. Modern economic systems. Features of development of transition economies.	7	1	1			5						
Topic 16. The essence and structure of the world economy. Forms of international economic relations.	7	1	1			5						
Topic 17. Economic aspects of global problems and their impact on the economic development of Ukraine.	7	1	1			5						
Total module 2	60	10	10			40						
Total for academic discipline, hours	120	20	20			80						

5. Topics of seminars

№	Topics	Hours
1	Topic 1. The subject and method of political economy.	1
2	Topic 2. Production of material goods and services. Product and nature of work.	1
3	Topic 3. Economic needs and interests	1
4	Topic 4. Socio-economic structure of society. Economic system and laws of its development	1
5	Topic 5. Commodity form of organization of social production. Goods and money.	1
6	Topic 6. Capital: the process of production and accumulation. Hired labor and wages.	1
7	Topic 7. Production costs and profits.	2
8	Topic 8. The market, its essence and functions. Market models. Competition and pricing.	2
9	Topic 9. Household in the system of economic relations.	2
10	Topic 10. The enterprise as a producer. Gross income and profit.	1
11	Topic 11. Sectoral features of production and functioning of capital. Forms of profit, interest and rent.	1
12	Topic 12. Social reproduction. Social product and its main forms..	1
13	Topic 13. Economic development. Employment, reproduction of labor and their regulation by the state.	1
14	Topic 14. Economic mechanism in the system of social reproduction. The state and its economic functions.	1
15	Topic 15. Modern economic systems. Features of development of transition economies.	1
16	Topic 16. The essence and structure of the world economy. Forms of international economic relations.	1
17	Topic 17. Economic aspects of global problems and their impact on the economic development of Ukraine.	1
	Total	20

8. Unsupervised work

The independent work of the applicant belongs to the information and developmental methods of teaching and is the main means of mastering the educational material in the time free from compulsory education.

Types of independent work of students by purpose:

1. Study of new material: reading and summarizing literary sources of information; other types of classes.

2. In-depth study of the material: preparation for tests, seminars; other types of classes.

№	Topics	Hours
1	Topic 1. The subject and method of political economy.	5,5
2	Topic 2. Production of material goods and services. Product and nature of work.	5,5
3	Topic 3. Economic needs and interests	5,5
4	Topic 4. Socio-economic structure of society. Economic system and laws of its development	5,5
5	Topic 5. Commodity form of organization of social production. Goods and money.	5,5

6	Topic 6. Capital: the process of production and accumulation. Hired labor and wages.	5,5
7	Topic 7. Production costs and profits.	3,5
8	Topic 8. The market, its essence and functions. Market models. Competition and pricing.	3,5
9	Topic 9. Household in the system of economic relations.	2
10	Topic 10. The enterprise as a producer. Gross income and profit.	4
11	Topic 11. Sectoral features of production and functioning of capital. Forms of profit, interest and rent.	4
12	Topic 12. Social reproduction. Social product and its main forms..	5
13	Topic 13. Economic development. Employment, reproduction of labor and their regulation by the state.	5
14	Topic 14. Economic mechanism in the system of social reproduction. The state and its economic functions.	5
15	Topic 15. Modern economic systems. Features of development of transition economies.	5
16	Topic 16. The essence and structure of the world economy. Forms of international economic relations.	5
17	Topic 17. Economic aspects of global problems and their impact on the economic development of Ukraine.	5
	Total	80

9. Individual tasks

An individual task is a type of extracurricular individual work of the applicant of educational nature, which is performed in the process of studying the program material of the training course. An individual task is a completed theoretical or practical work that covers several topics or the content of the course as a whole.

The structure of the individual task: introduction, theoretical justification, main results of work and their discussion, conclusions, list of sources used. The total volume of work should not exceed 20 pages.

Suggested topics:

1. Social production and the main factors of economic development
2. Economic theory as a scientific basis of economic policy
3. Formation and evolution of economic theory
4. Commodity production, its essence and laws
5. History and modernity of money
6. Economic theory of goods and money
7. The evolution of property relations
8. Property as an economic category
9. Property relations in a market economy
10. The concept of ownership. Types, forms and types of ownership
11. Transformation of forms of ownership in Ukraine
12. Reproduction and economic growth
13. Market and its infrastructure

14. The market and the laws of its operation
15. Types of interaction of market participants: competition and monopoly
16. Content, functions and typology of the market.
17. Market mechanism and its elements
18. Economic institutions and the state in a market economy
19. Enterprise in the system of economic relations
20. The essence, forms and modern features of entrepreneurial activity
21. Theory of factors of production and distribution of factor incomes
22. Capital and wage labor
23. Industrial capital and its movement
24. Production costs and industrial profits
25. Trade capital and trade profit
26. Borrowed capital and loan interest
27. Credit system of the market economy
28. Share capital and dividends
29. Agrarian relations and land rent
30. Entrepreneurship in the agricultural sector
31. Rent relations in the agricultural sector
32. Differential and absolute rent
33. Economic system of distribution and formation of income
34. Laws, structure and mechanism of market economy
35. Competition and demonopolization of the economy
36. Prices and pricing in a market economy
37. Entrepreneurship as a form of activity in a market economy
38. The labor market and the problem of employment
39. Employment, reproduction of labor and their state regulation
40. Income from property
41. Management in a market economy
42. The essence, structure and mechanism of finance
43. Public finances and budget
44. Credit and banking system
45. Securities market

46. Inflation as a macroeconomic phenomenon
47. Forecasting and planning of the economy in market conditions
48. State regulation of a market economy
49. Economic growth and its factors. Economic cycles
50. Forms of social product in the process of reproduction
51. National economy and social reproduction
52. National accounting as a tool for regulating macroeconomic processes
53. Distribution, consumption and savings of national income.
54. Cyclical economic growth and development of a market economy
55. Macroeconomic instability. Theories of economic development cycles
56. The world system of economy and market relations
57. The world economy and its evolution
58. The world market as a form of international economic relations
59. Modern economic systems and models of market economy
60. Global economic problems of civilization
61. Modern schools of economic thought on state regulation of the economy
62. Theories of economic equilibrium and economic growth
63. Forms of international economic relations
64. International monetary system
65. Current trends in the world economy

10. Teaching methods

During the study of the discipline the following teaching methods are used:

1). Group of methods for the source of information and perception of educational information - verbal (lecture, seminars, conversation, story); visual - (illustration, demonstration, presentation), practical (information collection, processing, graphic and schematic representation of information).

Lecture - a logically complete, scientifically sound and systematic presentation of a particular scientific or scientific-methodological issue, illustrated, if necessary, by means of clarity and demonstration of experiments. Lecture is one of the main organizational forms of training and, at the same time, teaching methods.

Seminars - a form of study in which the teacher organizes a discussion around pre-defined topics for which students prepare abstracts on the basis of

individually performed tasks. Seminars can be held in the form of conversation, review and discussion of abstracts and reports, discussions and more.

Individual lesson - a form of training that is conducted with individual applicants in order to increase their level of training and disclosure of individual creative abilities.

Consultation - a form of study in which the applicant receives answers from the teacher to specific questions or explanations of certain theoretical provisions or aspects of their practical application (conducted during the semester - current and examination consultations).

2) Group of methods according to the degree of management of the educational process: teaching under the guidance of a teacher, independent work of a student with educational and scientific literature, lecture texts, preparation for seminars, work with Internet sources, writing assignments.

Individual lesson - a form of training that is conducted with individual applicants in order to increase their level of training and disclosure of individual creative abilities.

Consultation - a form of study in which the applicant receives answers from the teacher to specific questions or explanations of certain theoretical provisions or aspects of their practical application (conducted during the semester - current and examination consultations).

3) Group of methods according to the degree of management of the educational process: teaching under the guidance of a teacher, independent work of a student with educational and scientific literature, lecture texts, preparation for seminars, work with Internet sources, writing assignments.

11. Methods of control

The system of evaluation of the results of the success of the acquisition of knowledge, skills, communication, autonomy and responsibility of applicants includes current, modular (according to the defined content module), and final / semester control of learning outcomes.

Current control is carried out during the semester during lectures, seminars and is assessed by the sum of points scored.

The current control of applicants' knowledge is carried out in two directions:

I - control of regularity and activity of work at seminars;

II - control over the implementation of tasks for self-study.

Current control is carried out in the form of: oral examination; individual survey; written tests; testing.

Modular control is carried out taking into account the current control for the relevant content module and aims at an integrated assessment of the applicant's learning outcomes after studying the material from the logically completed part of the discipline - the content module.

Final / Semester control is carried out in the form of an exam in the terms provided by the schedule of educational process.

Semester exam - a form of assessment of the final mastering by students of theoretical and practical material in the discipline, which is conducted as a control measure. The task of the exam is to test the student's understanding of the program material as a whole, the logic and relationships between individual sections, the ability to creatively use the accumulated knowledge, the ability to form their attitude to a particular problem of the discipline and more. In the conditions of realization of the competence approach the examination assesses the level of mastering by the applicant of the competences provided by qualification requirements.

12. Distribution of scores received by the applicant

Current testing and independent work																	Final test (exam)	Total
<i>content module 1 (30%)</i>								<i>content module 2 (40%)</i>									(30%)	100%
T1	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6	T7	T8	T9	T10	T11	T12	T13	T14	T15	T16	T17	30	100
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	2	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	6	6		

Scale: national and ECTS

The amount of points for all types of educational activities	ECTS score	Score on a national scale	
		for exam, course project (work) practice	for accreditation
90-100	A	excellent	accredited
82-89	B	good	
74-81	C		
64-73	D		
60-63	E	satisfying	
35-59	FX	unsatisfying with the possibility of re-assembly	not accredited
0-34	F	unsatisfying with compulsory repeated study of discipline	not accredited, with compulsory re-examination of discipline

13. Methodical support

1. Пасемко Г.П. Політична економія: навч. посібник (Частина I і II) / Г.П. Пасемко, Т.М. Лозинська, О.М.Супрун та ін. Харк. нац. аграр. ун-т ім. В.В. Докучаєва. – Харків, 2011. – 557с.

2. Пасемко Г.П. Словник з дисциплін економічної теорії / Г.П. Пасемко, Г.Є. Беседіна, С.В. Шевченко. – Харк. нац. аграр. ун-т ім. В.В. Докучаєва. – Харків, 2011. – 125с.

3. Пасемко Г.П. Політична економія методичні вказівки до вивчення курсу / Г.П. Пасемко, Л.Г. Бага; С.В. Шевченко. - ХНАУ ім. В.В. Докучаєва, 2014. – 38с.

14. Recommended literature

1. Базилевич В. Д. Ринкова економіка: основні поняття і категорії / Базилевич В. Д., Базилевич К. С.– К.: Знання, 2008. – 263 с.
2. Базилевич В. Д. Філософія економіки. Історія: монографія / Базилевич В.Д., Ільїн В.В. – К.: Знання, 2011. – 1198 с.
3. Гронтковська Г. Е. Економічна теорія: навч. посіб. для самост. вивч. дисципліни / Г. Е. Гронтковська, А. Ф. Косік, О. І. Ряба ; Нац. ун-т вод. госп-ва та природокористування. – Рівне : НУВГП, 2010. – 369 с.
4. Башнянин Г. І. Політична економія / Г. І. Башнянин, Л. Ю. Лазур, В. С. Медведєв. – К.: Ніка Центр, Ельга, 2000. – 519 с.
5. Економічна теорія: навч. посібник; 4-е вид., перероб. та допов. /за ред. В.О. Білика, П.Т. Саблука. – К.: ННЦ ІАЕ, 2004. – 560 с.
6. Економічна теорія: посібник / за заг. ред. Є. М. Воробйова. – Х.-К., 2003. – 704 с.
7. Мочерний С.В. Економічна теорія: навч. посібник для студ. всіх навч. закладів / С.В. Мочерний. – К.: Академія, 2005. – 640 с.
8. Мочерний С.В. Політекономія: підручник. – 2-е вид., випр. / С.В. Мочерний. – К.: Вікар, 2005. – 386 с.
9. Мочерний С.В. Основи економічної теорії: навч. посібник / С.В. Мочерний, О.А. Устинко. – К.: Академія, 2005. – 504 с.
10. Основи економічної теорії: навч. посібник / за ред. В.О. Білика, П.Т.Саблука. – К.: ІАЕ, 1999. – 468 с.
11. Основы экономической теории: политэкономический аспект. – 3 изд. / под ред. Г.Н. Клишко. – К.: Знание – Пресс, 2001. – 646 с.
12. Політекономія: підручник / за заг. ред. Ю.В. Ніколенка. – К.: ЦУЛ, 2003. – 412 с.
13. Політична економія: навч. посібник для студ. вищих навч. закладів / за ред. В.О. Рибалкіна, В.Г. Бодрова. – К.: Академвидав, 2004. – 672 с.

15. WEB RESOURCES

1. The Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine - <http://portal.rada.gov.ua/>
2. The President of Ukraine - <http://www.president.gov.ua/>
3. The Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine - <http://www.kmu.gov.ua/control/>
4. National Bank of Ukraine - <http://www.bank.gov.ua/NBU/>
5. State Property Fund of Ukraine - <http://www.spfu.gov.ua/ukr/>
6. National Security and Defense Council of Ukraine - <http://www.rainbow.gov.ua/>

7. Department of special telecommunication systems and information protection of the Security Service of Ukraine - <http://www.dstszi.gov.ua/dstszi/control/uk/index>
8. Commissioner for Human Rights of the Verkhovna Rada of Ukraine - <http://www.ombudsman.kiev.ua/>
9. The Verkhovna Rada of the Autonomous Republic of Crimea - <http://www.crimea-portal.gov.ua/>
10. National Academy of Public Administration under the President of Ukraine - <http://www.academy.kiev.ua/>
11. Kharkiv Regional Institute of Public Administration of the National Academy of Public Administration under the President of Ukraine - <http://www.kbuapa.kharkov.ua/>
12. National Library of Ukraine VI Vernadsky - <http://www.nbu.gov.ua/>
13. Kharkiv State Scientific Library named after V.G. Korolenko - <http://www.korolenko.kharkov.com/>
14. Association of Ukrainian Cities - <http://www.auc.org.ua/>
15. Institute of Reforms - <http://www.ir.org.ua/docs/Abetka/>
16. Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine - <http://www.kmu.gov.ua> - (access to all ministries and departments)
17. Kyiv Center of the East-West Institute - <http://www.ewi.org.ua/>
18. Leontiev Center for Strategic Planning ”- <http://www.citystrategy.leontief.ru/>
19. Network of analytical centers of Ukraine - <http://www.intellect.org.ua>